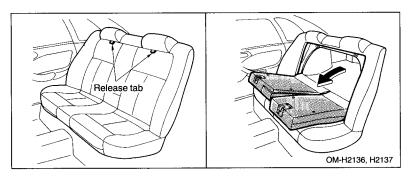
#### Rear seats

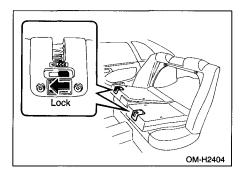
# **<b>⚠** WARNING

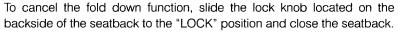
- Never allow passengers to ride on the folded rear seatback, in the trunk or in the cargo area. Doing so may result in serious injury.
- Never stack luggage or other cargo higher than the top of the seatback because it could tumble forward and injure passengers in the event of a sudden stop or accident.
- Secure skis and other lengthy items properly to prevent them from shooting forward and causing serious injury during a sudden stop.

#### ■ Fold down rear seat — Sedan (if equipped)



To fold the seatback down, pull the release tab attached to the top of the seatback. To restore it, push the seatback up to its original position until it locks. Be sure to confirm that it is locked in place.

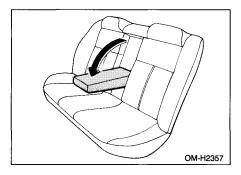




### ▼ Armrest (if equipped)

## **MARNING**

To avoid the possibility of serious injury, passengers must never be allowed to sit on the center armrest while the vehicle is in motion.



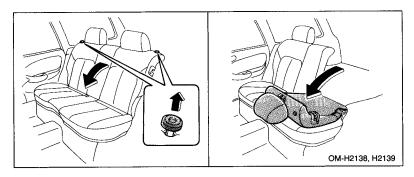
To lower the armrest, pull on the top edge of the armrest.

#### ■ Fold down rear seat — Wagon

## **MWARNING**

After returning the rear seat to its original position, be certain to place all of the seat belts and the tab attached to the seat cushion above the seat cushion. And make certain that the shoulder belts are fully visible.

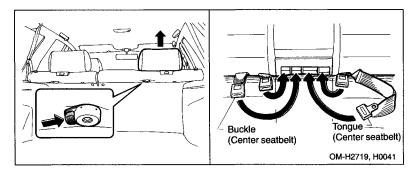
#### ▼ Folding down the seatback



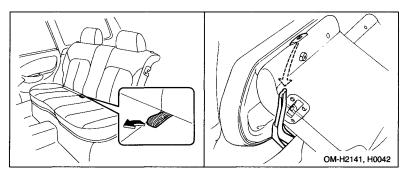
Unlock the seatback by pulling the release knob and fold it down.

## **▼** Folding down the seat cushion and seatback

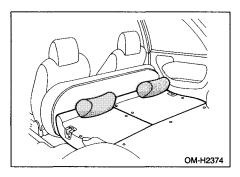
1. Move the front seat forward.



- 2. (If your vehicle is equipped with head restraint.) To remove the head restraint, push the release knob located on the backside of the seatback and pull the head restraint up.
- Store the seat belts in the seat belt pocket to prevent them falling below the cushion.



- 4. Raise the seat cushion by pulling up the tab.
- 5. Unlock the seatback by pulling the release knob and fold it down. Confirm that the pin located at the bottom of the seat cushion is inserted into the slot at the top of the seatback.



6. Install the head restraints onto the backside of the seatback.

To return the rear seat to its original position, raise the seatback and seat cushion until it locks into place and make sure that they are securely locked.

Place the head restraints (if so equipped) back in their normal position.

# 3-point type seat belts (Combination lap/shoulder belts)

# **AWARNING**

- Never use a belt that is twisted or reversed. In an accident, this can increase the risk or severity of injury.
- Never place the shoulder belt under the arm. If an accident occurs, this can increase the risk or severity of injury.
- Keep the lap belt as low as possible on your hips. In a collision, this spreads the force of the lap belt over stronger hip bones instead of across the weaker abdomen.
- Seat belts provide maximum restraint when the occupant sits well back and upright in the seat. To eliminate the risk of sliding under the seat belt in a collision, the front seatbacks should be always used in the upright position while the vehicle is running. If the front seatbacks are not used in the upright position in a collision, the risk of sliding under the lap belt and of the lap belt sliding up over the abdomen will increase, and both can result in serious internal injury or death.

Especially when the occupant of the front passenger's seat is a child, be sure to position the seatback upright. Children are more likely to slide under the lap belt than adults if the seatback is reclined in a collision.